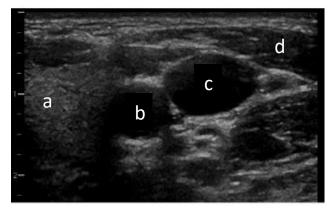
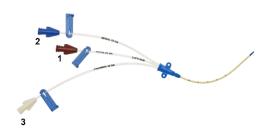


- 1. Which of the following is NOT an indication for CVC placement?
  - a. Vasopressor administration
  - b. Nutritional support
  - c. Hemodialysis
  - d. Massive transfusion
- 2. Which of the following is a contraindication to CVC placement?
  - a. INR of 4
  - b. Thrombus within the internal jugular vein
  - c. Maculopapular rash over the face and neck
  - d. History of end-stage kidney disease
- 3. What is the preferred patient positioning for CVC placement in the right internal jugular vein?
  - a. Left lateral decubitus
  - b. Supine
  - c. Trendelenburg (head below the level of the feet)
  - d. Reverse Trendelenburg (head above the level of the feet)
- 4. Assuming no patient allergies, which of the following is the preferred antiseptic for skin preparation prior to CVC placement?
  - a. Chlorhexidine
  - b. Iodine
  - c. Isopropyl alcohol
  - d. Chloroxylenol
- 5. Which of the following ultrasound transducers should be used for real-time ultrasound guidance of CVC insertion?
  - a. Curvilinear
  - b. Cardiac
  - c. Linear
  - d. Radial
- 6. Please match the following anatomic landmarks to the appropriate label:

Internal jugular vein - c Internal carotid artery - b Muscle - d Thyroid – a



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  - 7. Which port does the guidewire come out of?
    - a. Medial port, labeled '2'
    - b. Distal port, labeled '1'
    - c. Proximal port, labeled '3'
    - d. Depends on which port is unclamped

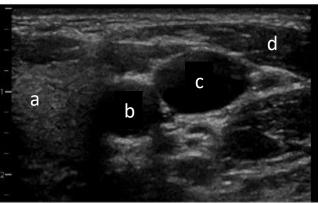


- 8. Which of the following most reliable confirms a venous (versus arterial) cannulation of the internal jugular vein?
  - a. Visualization of dark red (opposed to bright red) blood in the syringe
  - b. Ease of wire insertion to 10-15cm
  - c. Real-time ultrasound visualization of the wire in the IJ vein
  - d. Observing a slow drip of blood from the needle, after removing the syringe
- 9. Which of the following best describes the most appropriate depth of a triple lumen catheter placement in the internal jugular vein?
  - a. Advance till ectopy, then withdraw until ectopy resolves
  - b. Fully hub catheter, then use a chest radiograph to determine how far to withdraw
  - c. Place in the range of 12-16cm depending on the patient's height
  - d. Depends on the indication for placing the triple lumen catheter
- 10. Which of the following is most consistent with the correct placement of a supradiaphragmatic central venous catheter insertion?
  - a. Visualization with ultrasound of turbulent fluid in the right atrium after injecting agitated sterile saline through the CVC
  - b. Visualization with ultrasound of the catheter tip in the right atrium
  - c. Visualization of the catheter tip in the middle of the superior vena cava on a chest radiograph
  - d. Visualization of the catheter tip in the right atrium on a chest radiograph

## Answers in **Bold**

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  - d. Depends on the indication for placing the triple lumen catheter
- 10. Which of the following is most consistent with the correct placement of a supradiaphragmatic central venous catheter insertion?
  - a. Visualization with ultrasound of agitated fluid in the right atrium after injecting sterile saline in any of the three lumens
  - b. Visualization with ultrasound of the catheter tip in the right atrium
  - c. Visualization of the catheter tip in the middle of the superior vena cava on a chest radiograph
  - d. Visualization of the catheter tip in the right atrium on a chest radiograph